

General description

The wireless Ouman sensor system enables a quick and easy reading of precise room temperature data in a building without the laborious laying of cables and drilling of walls. Base station (WL-BASE) calculates automatically average room temperature based on values which are collected from selected sensors. The calculated value can be used when controlling of heating. The base station can be connected as Modbus slave to different SCADA systems or as Modbus master to OUMAN unit controllers e.g S105, S203, C203, H23, EH-203 or A203.

FIGURE 1 structure of wireless sensor network

The sensor system comprises a base station (WL-BASE), sensors that act as routers and are connected to the mains, and battery-operated wireless sensors (WL-TEMP-RH). In the event of failure, a damaged sensor can be replaced without changing the register list. This makes the installation of the replacement sensor quicker and easier.

The mesh structure of the wireless network improves network reliability. The signal has multiple routes, from which the system automatically selects the strongest. The larger the number of routers in the coverage area, the more routing options the signal has. One wireless base station can monitor data from up to 100 sensors.

#### **Base station connections:**

- Direct connection to base station with browser. (over the Internet/locally)
- Ounet connection directly from the base station. (over the Internet)
- local Modbus RTU connection.
   (Connections can be utilised simultaneously)

## **Encryption:**

All wireless communication is encrypted. Encryption and authentication uses AES CCM + 128 bit key.

## Initial engineering in network construction:

- Building structures are crucial in network engineering. Metal structures weaken the signal, which is also the case for lift wells, electrical power centres, fire doors, etc.
- Old concrete buildings are easier in regard to networks than buildings constructed in the 2010s, where the amount of steel in the structures is higher. Newer buildings require more routers than old ones.
- From the base station, the network should be built by first finding a suitable "backbone" for the network and applying the operating voltage to the sensors, so that they will act as routing elements in the network. See FIGURE 1.
- Once the network is operational in this regard, battery-operated sensors are placed as part of the network.
- The positioning of room sensors must take into account that the sensor should never be exposed to direct sunlight. It must also be ensured that no other external sources of heat affect the sensor, such as refrigerators, television sets, ventilation windows, water radiators, etc.
- It is often the easiest way to place the base station to the same space with the automation substation (heat distribution room, AHU room), but due to the weak 4G signal the optimal location can also be in the other parts of the building. Centrally selected location for the base station can improve the functionality of the sensor network, because more sensors can be directly connected to the base station without routers.
- It is able to select external antenna to the base station which improves reception of the sensor network when needed to achieve better signal levels.
- The base station requires a separate housing, e.g. K118 which also includes the needed power supply. (must be applied when certain IP protection class is needed)

#### Installation

## **Base station**



#### Temperature and humidity sensor:



The base station is mounted to a wall or to the centre with a DIN bar. In the centre installation, the base station requires an external antenna. The base station must be installed indoors (0°C...+50°C).

The base station can be connected to Ounet, or independently to the Internet, in which case, measurement data can be inspected from outside the property through a remote connection. If the property already has an Internet connection, you can use it. If there is no Internet connection ready, we recommend you use the 4G connection provided by Ouman.

The base station can also be directly connected to the computer in the local internal network, and as part of the rest of the automation system through the modbus RTU route.

Rooms sensors can be mounted to the wall with screws or adhesive tape. Please note that the sensor is installed so that the black terminal strips are in the bottom left corner 1.

Place the room sensor at a height of about 150 cm in a location where it measures the average temperature of the room. Do not install the room sensor in a location where direct sunlight or another source of heat may distort the measurement result.

The room sensor must be installed indoors (0°C ... +50°C). External temperature measuring, digital input, transmitter measurement (0...10V) or leak detector (0-100%) can be connected to the sensor by using the room sensor's AUX connection (see page 5).

PLEASE NOTE: When connected to an external power source (5 VDC), the room sensor is a routing room sensor, but when equipped with AA batteries, it acts as a room sensor. The room sensor will automatically recognise the power source.

## Commissioning the wireless network through the Internet connection

#### **Base station**



- 1. First install the base station.
- 2. Connect the antenna (or the extra antenna with an extension cord) to the antenna connection of the base station. **Do not detach or attach the antenna when the base station is live!**
- 3. Connect the Ethernet cable between the base station's RJ45 connector and the Internet connection (router/4G modem).
- 4. Switch on the operating voltage. The voltage is connected to the terminal strip  $\backsim$  and ground to the adjacent  $\bot$  connector.
- 5. Wait for the LINK light to remain green. This may take a couple of minutes.
- 6. When the LINK light remains, the base station has successfully been connected to the Ouman ACCESS network.
- 7. If you have a QR reader, read the QR code of the base station label. In other case, enter the label's website address or IP-address received from device DHCP in your Web browser. Locally, in an internal network you can use ouman.local instead of ouman.net.



- 8. Perform base station login. The password is indicated in the label on the side of the base station. Username = service. Upon your first login, the system proposes that the password be changed. This can be set, for example, the object name. The name can also be changed in the settings.
- 9. We recommend that you do that. If you do not change the password, the password will remain (each base station has a unique password). The changed password can be restored to the original only by restoring the base station's factory settings (see p.14, HW reset). In addition, the access point can be logged into base station using a so-called user password, which only allows viewing measurements. Username: user. The password is printed on the label attached to the side of the access point. The password can be changed via the web interface
- 10. Switch on installation mode in the user interface. The RF status of the base station is green (see p. 4 Web UI Figure 2, Section 4.)
- 11. It takes about one minute for the installation mode to be activated. After that, the mode will remain active for 90 minutes, unless you interrupt it in the user interface (you can adjust the default time in the base station settings).
- 12. Go to "sensor commissioning" (p. 4).

BASE STATION WL-BASE

## Commissioning the wireless base station without the Web browser interface



The person doing the electrical work must have sufficient qualifications to do electrical work.

1. Connect the antenna (or the extra antenna with an extension cord) to the antenna connection of the base station.

# Do not detach or attach the antenna when the base station is live!

- 2. Switch on the operating voltage. The voltage is connected to the terminal strip  $\backsim$  and ground to the adjacent  $\bot$  connector.
- 3. Press the base station's installation mode button.
- 4. Check that the RF-Status light of the base station is on. When the light is green, the commissioning mode is active.
- 5. Go to "sensor commissioning" (p. 4).

## Option

WL-BASE POWER (Contact plug transformer):

External power source to the WL-BASE base station 24 VDC.





## Base station signal light legend

INIT / ERR						
•	Red light is on: Upon start-up, the light will be red for about 30 seconds. If the indicator light does not go out, contact your dealer.					
*	Blinking red light: The power supply voltage is too low. The device shuts down and attempts to restart again.					
<del>``</del>	Blinking green light: The light is green and blinking when the base station is active.					
LINK						
	Yellow light on: The light is on when the connections are in order (both the Internet connection and the ACCESS connection are operational)					
•••••	The light is almost continuously on, but is off at times: Internet connection is operational, but there is no ACCESS connection					
••••	The light is off most of the time, but yellow blinks at times: LAN connection is operational, but there is no Internet and ACCESS connection.					
No light	No LAN connection.  If the LINK LED is not blinking or is not on at all, check that the LAN cable is properly connected to the base station and router. The signal lights of the base station's Ethernet connector are on if the network cable is physically in order and connected.					
•	Vihreä valo palaa laitteen käynnistyksen yhteydessä ja sammuu, kun laite on käyttövalmis.					
RF STATUS						
•	Green light on: The base station is in installation mode.					
<b>∵</b>	Blinking green light: The base station is in normal mode.					

## The base station interfaces:

- Modbus RTU Slave
- Modbus TCP slave
- Modbus RTU Master (Unit controller support) \*\*
- \*\*) The controller writes the calculated average to the adjustable register.

NOTE! Base station should not be connected to the public internet without firewall! That is, for example, a fixed IP address that is visible from outside network. Typically 4G-modem, adsl/wdsl/ cable modem operates firewall functionality, wherein the separate accessory is not required.



The person doing the electrical work must have sufficient qualifications to do electrical work.

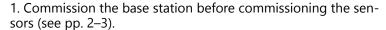
- Operating voltage
- □ 10V output ground
- Y 0-10V output
- B- RS-485 bus (unisolated)
- A+ RS-485 bus (unisolated)



## **Commissioning the sensors**







2. Open the room sensor's cover and install the batteries or switch on the operating voltage if you intend to make the sensor a routing sensor. The sensor should be first take into use in fixed operating voltage to identify itself as a routed sensor. After this the batteries can be added.

Routing is somewhat slower using batteries, and it must also be remembered that batteries will not last very long if electricity supply is cut off for several days. (Battery consumption depends on the number of sensors being routed).



3. If neither LED is blinking rapidly, briefly press the sensor installation button (or insert the batteries).

4. Green and red LEDs are blinking rapidly alternately when the connection is being analysed. After the analysis, the LEDs show the status of the connection. The LEDs will blinking/light up depending on situation.

## Situation 1: The sensor is connecting to the network

A rapidly blinking green light (blinks 5 times)

■ 3s The green and red light are on for 3 seconds and are then switched off.

Slowly blinking red light (blinks 3 times)

The sensor receives confirmation from the base station. The connection is in order.

Connection to either router or base station, but failed to connect. Try again to connect the sensor to the network (press the installation button).

The sensor is not in the coverage area of the router or base station or the deployment mode is not on. (The sensor has not been connected to any network).

## Situation 2: Sensor is already connected to the network

3s The red light on (for a minimum of 3 seconds) and is then switched off

■ 3s The green and red lights are on for 3 seconds and are switched off after that.

■ 3s The red light is on (for 3 seconds).

The green and red lights are off

■ 2s The green light is on (for 2 seconds).

The sensor received confirmation from the base station. The connection is in order.

The connection to one router is in order but the connection to the base station is not. (There was no acknowledgment from the base station)

The sensor is not in the coverage area of the router or base station. (The sensor is connected to a network but there is no connection.)

## The sensor is in normal mode and in operating condition

The sensor is receiving new settings from the base station.

## Situation 3: The sensor has lost connection

■□□□□ The red light blinks once.

The red light blinks every 10 seconds.

**■**□□□□□ 30 s

The red light blinks every 30 seconds.

The red light blinks every 15 minutes.

The sensor is trying to send data but is not in the coverage area.

The sensor has lost connection to the network max. 3 minutes earlier.

The sensor has lost connection to the network max. 3-15 minutes earlier.

The sensor has lost connection to the network more than 15 minutes earlier.

## Instruction: if the sensor has lost connection:

## S Removing the sensor from the network

# If the network is not found, move closer to the base station or the already installed routing sensor

You can remove the sensor from the network by keeping the installation button pressed down for five seconds. (You also need to separately remove the sensor from the user interface). (see p. 6)

Pay extra attention to the reception of the routing sensors, because they are the "backbone" of the network (see FIGURE 1, p. 1).

The RSSI figure indicates signal strength				
Good	85dBm			
Medium:	-8595dBm			
Poor:	-95dBm			

#### Room sensor battery replacement

The Web UI shows the remaining battery life of each wireless sensor. If life is less than 10%, the figure is red, and there is a red exclamation mark in the right upper corner of the user interface.

## Sensor configuration

If the base station is connected more than 10 sensor, the simultaneous high-speed sensor sampling interval slows down the configuration significantly. By pressing the OK button on the user interface you will change sensor sampling interval 2 min (see p.7 Web UI figure 4)

## Option

#### WL-ROUTER POWER, 5VDC

External power supply for WL-TEMP-RH sensor. If you connect an external power supply to the sensor, the sensor become a routing sensor.

Connection: Black -, white +

WL-BATTERY-AA-LIT

The delivery includes 10 pieces of 1.5V.

Energizer L91 Ultimate Lithium 3100 mAh batteries

- 1. When the sensor has found the network, it will automatically appear last in the user interface list (or in place of a sensor removed from the list).
- 2. You can edit the default name (SensorX) of the added sensor to match the location. Example: Room 101 (see p. 6 Web UI, Figure 2)
- 3. In the sensor route table, you can see how the added sensor is connected to the network (see p. 7 Web UI, Figure 3). Please note: The sensor will automatically find its route by the best reception. You cannot change the route manually.
- 4. Set the failed response alert limit and updating interval for the base station on a sensor-specific basis. (see p. 5 Web UI, Figure 1)
- 5. Likewise, the calculation interval of the permanence value. (see p. 5 Web UI, Figure 1). Stability value can be calculated for temperature values.

Instructions: You can define joint maximum and minimum limits for all base station sensors. (Default 20°C and 24°C) Example: if the calculation interval is 10 h and temperature is 2h of the timeline over the maximum limit or under the minimum limit. The permanence value is 80% for the calculated time.

## **AUX connection of wireless room sensor**

In the wireless sensor or routing sensor, it is possible to connect an external temperature measurement, digital input, status data, 0-10 VDC transmitter measurement or water leak detector by using the AUX connection.

#### **AUX connection in temperature measurement**

## **AUX connection as digital input**

## **AUX connection as transmitter measurement**



AUX connection as water leak detector

Connect temperature measurement in terminal strips 3 and 4 2

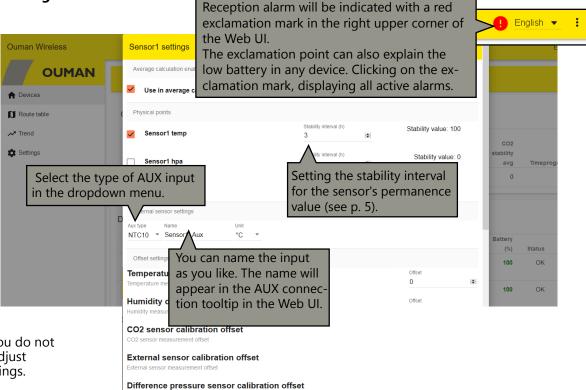


Connect the digital input in terminal strips 3 and 4 2

- 1. Remove the battery-side short-circuit (jumper) and turn the other short-circuit from upright to two middle pins in horizontal position on sensor circuit board.
- 2. Connect the transmitter measurement to terminal strips 3 and 4 (power source's ground  $\perp$ )  $\stackrel{\checkmark}{}$

AUX connectors can be fitted with a fabric-bound water leakage tape that gives a moisture value of 0-100%

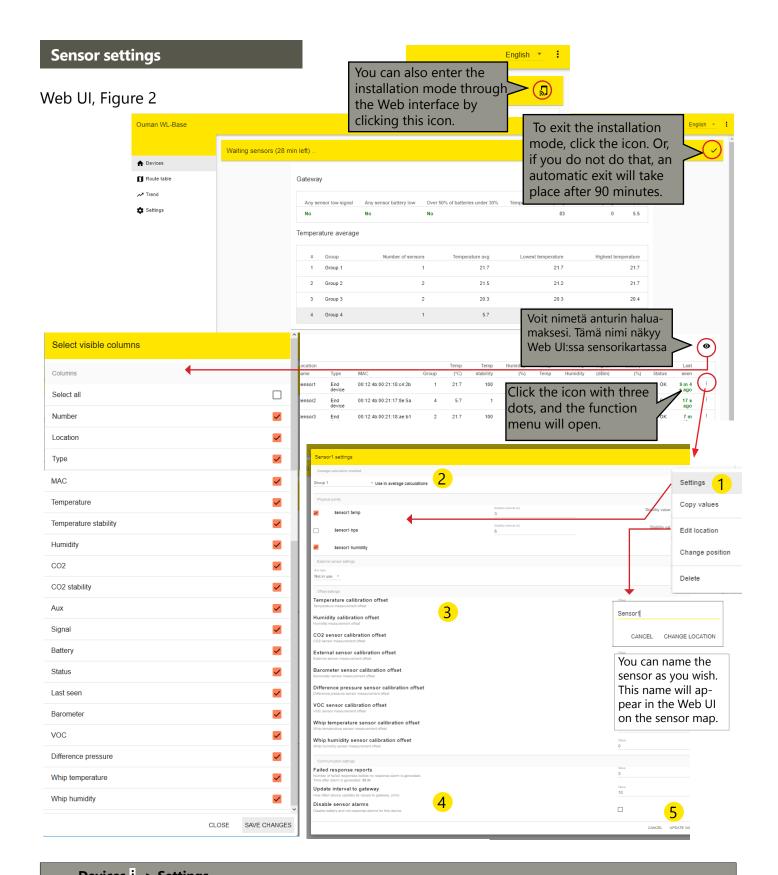
**AUX connection settings from WEB UI:** Web UI, Figure



VOC sensor calibration offset

Whip temperature sensor calibration offset

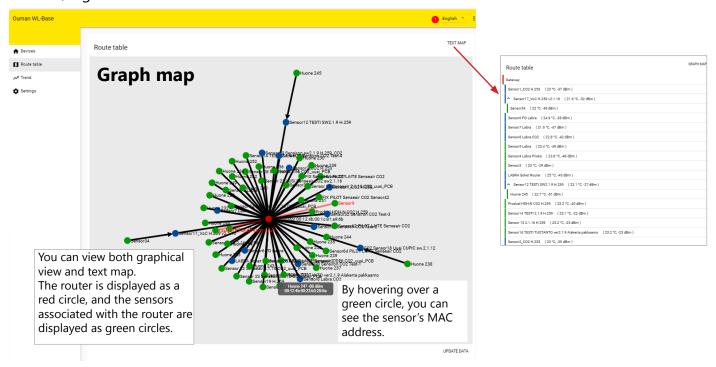
Usually, you do not need to adjust other settings.



# Devices : -> Settings Edit average settings and the sensor-specific settings here. Averige calculation The system calculates temperature averages by group. You can choose which group the sensor belongs to. If the measurement consistently shows either too much or too little, make a calibration adjustment to the measurement. For example, if the measurement erroneously shows one degree too much, make a -1 calibration adjustment. Alarm settings You can set when the No response alarm is given. You can also disable the use of No response alarm and battery alarms. If you make changes, remember to save them.

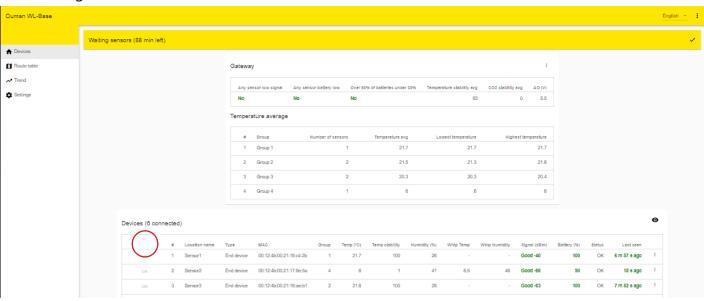
## **Route table**

Web UI, Figure 3



## **Base station configuration**

Web UI, Figure 4



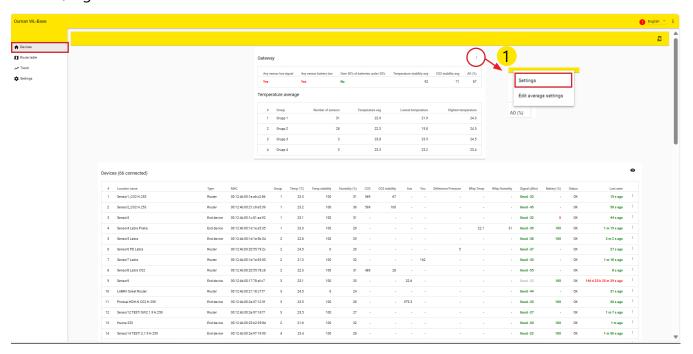
**OK button:** In the installation mode, the sensor sampling interval is 5 seconds by default. With this fast 5 s sampling interval, there may be a slow down of communication or even a complete break in data transmission if there are 10 or more sensors in the "join mode". With this fast 5 s sampling interval, there may occur a slow down of communication or even a complete break in data transmission if there are 10 or more sensors in the "join mode". When you press "OK", the sensor's sampling interval will change to two minutes, which will accelerate the device.

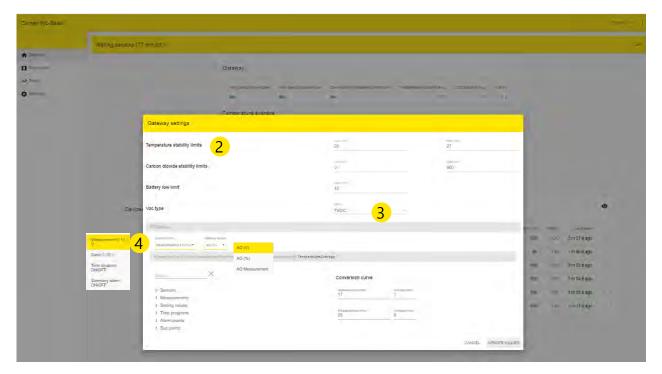
If you do not change the sampling interval in the install mode, it will automatically change to 15 minutes when you exit the install mode. The minimum sampling interval is one minute.

The device has a setting of "Update interval to gateway" (sampling interval). The sensor checks whether the setpoint is changed, whenever the sensor sends the measurement data to the base station.

## **Base station sensor settings**

## Web UI, Figure 5





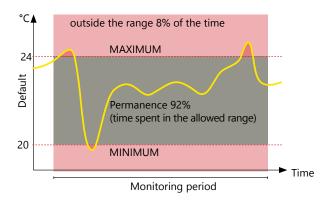
## **2** Temperature stability

In addition to displaying measurements, the base station calculates averages of selected measurements and filter error readings. For quick review, the value of stability is calculated for all temperatures/CO2 content to reflect how well the temperature /CO2 content has remained within the set limits.

## 3 VOC-type

TVOC CO2eq

You can choose whether to display the VOC as a TVOC value or CO2eq value.



## **AO** settings of Base Station





AO output can be controlled by 0-10V measurement, constant value, ON / OFF timer or ON / OFF sum alarm.

#### Measurement 0-10V



Select a measurement from the list for control. You can use the search function to search for a measurement.

- > Sensors
- > Measurements
- > Setting values
- Time programs
- Alarm points
- ) Bus points

## Display value



Select whether the analog output is displayed as a measurement, as a percentage or as a voltage (V).

# Measurement min and Voltage min

Measurement max and Voltage max

The conversion curve gives the minimum value of the measurement and the corresponding voltage. The voltage setting range is 0 ... 9.9 V.

The conversion curve gives the maximum value of the measurement and the corresponding voltage. The voltage setting range is 0 ... 9.9 V. Voltage is determined linearly between minimum and maximum.

#### Static 0-10V

Static 0-10V

The constant (static) value setting area is 0...10.0V.

## Time program ON/OFF

## Week program

Voltage OFF

Set the voltage at which the control is OFF. Setting range is 0 ... 10 V.

Voltage ON

Set the voltage at which the control is ON. Setting range is 0 ... 10 V.

Hours, minutes, value, days

Set the days, time and status (value) for the control.

HOULE SO ON A STATUS (VALUE) FOR THE CONTROL.

MO TU WO TH FF SO SU REMOVE



Select to make a new control.

Set the time when the control goes back to normal mode. The time schedule is displayed on the graphical display.

Finally, select 'Update values'.

## **Exception calender**



The time program that differ from the normal weekly schedule will be done with the exception calender. Set the date and time at which the desired control starts. You can select from the following:

- one of the following modes: "on," "off" or "automatic"
- one day schedule from the weekly schedule (Monday Sunday)
- a special day from a special day program (SD1 SD7) or
- one of the following modes: "on," "off" or "automatic"
   If you select a specific day of a week, it means that that day program is used during the set time period. You can also make special day programs (SD) in Ounet and take them into use in the exception calendar.

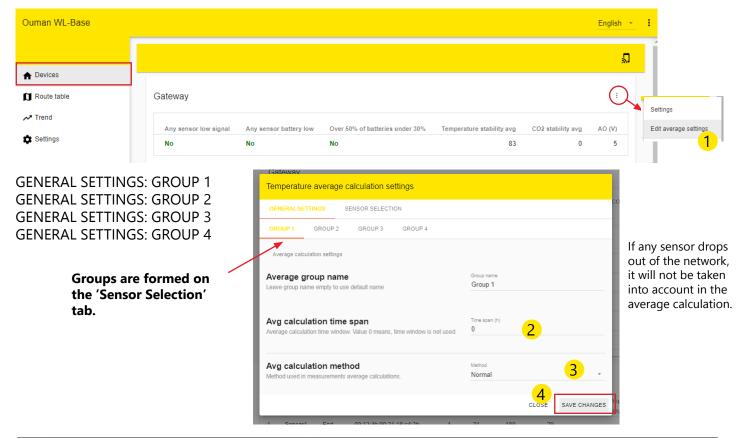
Select "Add New". Set the time to return to the normal weekly program. Set the mode to "Auto".

#### Summary alarm ON/OFF

Voltage OFF Voltage ON The output is set to sum alarm. Enter voltage for OFF and ON. Setting range  $0 \dots 10.0$ .

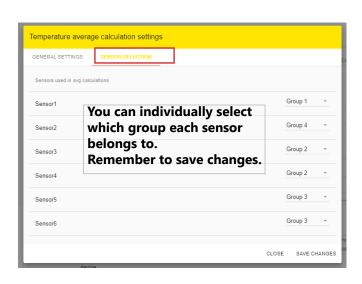
## Average calculation settings

## **Devices-> Gateway -> : -> Edit average settings**

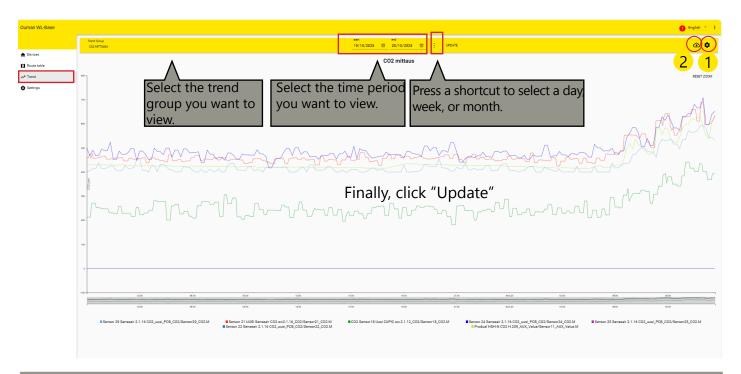


	Gateway -> ! -> General settings					
2	Avg calculation time span	The calculation can be performed as sliding for a specific period. If the value is 0, the value is an "online" value.				
3	Avg calculation method	Choose the calculation method.				
	Normal	Will calculate the average of all sensors included in the calculation.				
	Min – max limited	In the calculation, this function removes measurements not in the minimum and maximum range				
	Pick out mode	This function removes the selected number of measurements from the calculation. Example: The two lowest temperatures and the highest temperature.				
	Min - max and pick out combination	The program will first perform the selection and then the limiting process.				
4	Save changes	If you make changes, remember to save changes.				

## **SENSOR SELECTION**



## **Trend**



# 1 Point settings

Etsi, Search

Select a trend point from the menu. You can also use the search function.

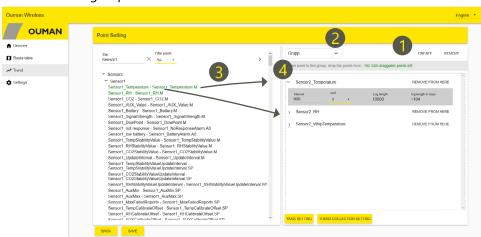
Filter points

You can use filter function. You can choose whether to show; All points, Linked points or Unlinked points.

New group

You can create a trend group.

- 1. Select "Create"
- 2. Rename the group.



- 3. Drag the desired points to the selected group.
- 4. Press the arrow > to set the desired recording interval for the dots. (see figure)

You can remove the selected trend group

You can select the type line or the graph. You can scale the y-axis by entering the minimum and maximum values for the axis.

The display shows all trend collection points and the trend group to which the point belongs. You can stop the trend collection.

First, remove the point from the trend group. You can then select the point the trend collection of which you want to stop. Select "Stop Collection" and "Save".

Remember always to save if you make changes to the settings.

You can save group trend points as csv files or open files using a spreadsheet program.



Y axis settings

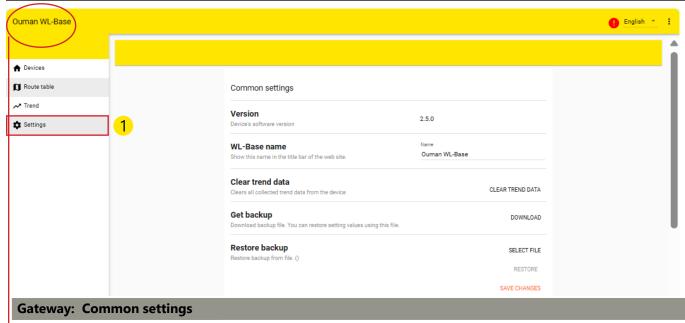
Trend collection setting

Stop collection

Save



## Base station configuration



Version

Shows the software version of the device.

**WL-Base name** 

Clear trend data

The name that is displayed on the web page title bar. Enter to the name to the name field and click "Save settings".

name held and thek save settings.

Clears all collected trend data from the device

Get backup

When a wireless system is created, download a backup. If the base station fails and you need to replace a new base station, the configuration is easier, when you can restore the backup.

Click **Download:** The device creates a copy in which there are saved the device names paired to sensor MAC-code and also other settings of base station

**Restore backup:** 

Returns the names and settings, but every sensor has again to be taken into use to the new base station. First the sensors are removed from the old network (press 5 s the sensor button and then added them to the new network pressing shortly. Finally, select "Save Changes".

## **Time settings**

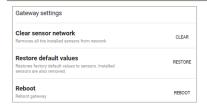


Time settings include Date, Time, and time server addresses. The device retrieves time settings from the primary address. If a connection to the primary time server cannot be established, the device uses the address of time server 2.

If daylight saving time is enabled, the device will automatically switch between summer and winter time.

Finland uses time zone +2.

### **Gateway settings**



**Clear sensor network:** Click the CLEAR to remove all the installed sensors from network.

**Restore default values:** Click the RESTORE to restore all other factory settings to the base station, except for the password. Installed sensors are also removed. If you want to take to use the factory-generated password that appears on the label of the device, do the HW reset (see page 14).

**Reboot:** Click the REBOOT to reboot the gateway.

C

Display update button

## **Network settings**



If DHCP is turned on, the base station automatically retrieves the network settings when the machine is connected to the network and turned on.

#### Access

## Things to consider when using Access:

- 10.10.128.0/17 and 10.11.0.0/16 are reserved for "Access 2 devices" (Ouflex A)
- 10.20.0.0/16 is reserved for "Access 3 devices" (Ouflex A XL, M-LINK and WL-Base).
- These addresses cannot be used in the local area network.
- The possible routing 10.10.0.0/16 also disturbs "Access 2" connections.

IP address: Local IP address.

If DHCP is not enabled, enter the Gateway address, Subnet mask, and DNS server address.

**Save changes:** If you make changes to the settings, remember to save the changes.

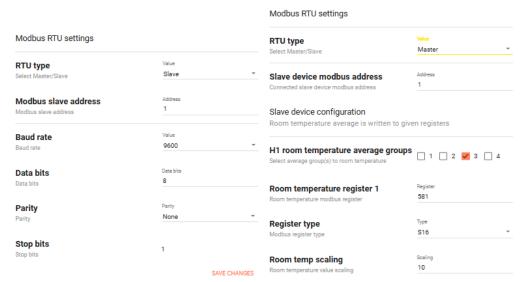
## **Modbus RTU settings**

#### **RTU type**

Selectable options: Master or Slave.

If this is a **Slave** device, enter the slave address for this device.

If this is a Modbus **Master**, assign a unique address to the connected Modbus Slave device. Specify which temperature data will be written to the room temperature register of the Modbus Slave device.



Note: All devices connected to the same bus must have the same communication speed (baud rate), the same number of data bits, the same parity, and the same number of stop bits.

If you made changes to the Modbus RTU settings, select "Save changes".

## Modbus TCP/IP -asetukset



When you select "On" in the **Enabled** setting, Modbus TCP/IP communication is permitted.

By default, the Modbus TCP/IP port is 502.

The server load can be limited by changing the socket count setting. This setting defines the maximum number of simultaneous allowed connections from different IP addresses to the server.

If you made changes to the Modbus TCP/IP settings, select "Save changes".

## **SNMP-asetukset**



In the **Enabled** setting, the "On"/"Off" selection enables/disables SNMP functionality entirely.

The target server **IP address** to which the message is sent.

If you made changes to the SNMP settings, select "Save changes".

## SSH-asetukset

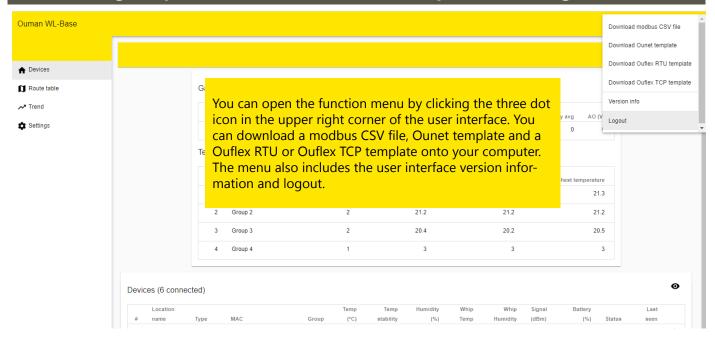


By default, the device enables the use of the SSH (Secure Shell) protocol. This enables Ouman product support to establish a secure connection to the device via Access if needed, and provide remote support when necessary.



**Display Refresh** Button

## Downloading templates, version information, and password change



Room temperature Modbus registers	Address index	Address Format	Register Type	R/W
EH-203				
H1 Room temperature	257	S16	Holding	R/W
H2 Room temperature	258	S16	Holding	R/W
C203				
H1 Room temperature to the version 3.0	581	S32	Holding	R/W
H2 Room temperature to the version 3.0	515	S32	Holding	R/W
H1 Room temperature version 3.0.10 forward	380	S16	Holding	R/W
H2 Room temperature version 3.0.10 forward	377	S16	Holding	R/W
S203				
H1 Room temperature version 2.0.0	870	U16	Holding	R/W
H2 Room temperature version 2.0.0	637	U16	Holding	R/W
H1 Room temperature version versions 2.1.0 - 2.1.6	581	S32	Holding	R/W
H2 Room temperature version versions 2.1.0 - 2.1.6	515	S32	Holding	R/W
H1 Room temperature version 3.0.10 forward	255	S16	Holding	R/W
H2 Room temperature version 3.0.10 forward	253	S16	Holding	R/W
H23, HW 1.0 and 2.0				
H1 Room temperature	258	S32	Holding	R/W
H2 Room temperature	260	S32	Holding	R/W
A203				
H1 Room temperature	392	S16	Holding	R/W
H2 Room temperature	390	S16	Holding	R/W

## **HW** reset function





The HW reset is currently implementing the following operations:

- Restores default application files (Modbus registers, default values of objects etc.)
- Removes log files (trends, alarms, 6lbr logs, etc.)
- Restores login information. (The password is indicated in the label on the side of the base station.)
- Restores IP settings (DHCP ON)
- Removes all sensors

The activate HW reset functionality:

- 1. Remove the protective cover at the top of the base station.
- 2. Connect the TP7 pad to the TP8 pad with for example a screwdriver and hold connection around 1 second when WL-Base is powered ON.
- 3. WL-Base indicates HW reset by setting INIT / ERR LED to red. LED will light red until device has been restarted.

## **Warranty terms**

## Warranty 2 years

The seller provides a 24-month warranty for the quality of the materials and workmanship of all delivered goods. The warranty period begins on the date of purchase. In the event that material or workmanship defects are detected and the goods are sent, without delay or no later than by the end of the warranty period, back to the seller, the seller agrees to address the defect at their own discretion either by repairing the damaged goods or by delivering a new, defect-free goods, free of charge, to the buyer.

The buyer is responsible for the costs resulting from delivering the goods to the seller for warranty repairs, while the seller is responsible for the costs resulting from returning the goods to the buyer.

The warranty shall not cover damages resulting from accidents, lightning, floods or other natural events, normal wear and tear, inappropriate, negligent or unusual use of the goods, overloading, incorrect maintenance, or reconstruction, alteration and installation work which is not carried out by the seller (or their authorised representative.

The buyer shall be responsible for selecting material of equipment susceptible to corrosion, unless other agreements are signed. In the event that the seller alters the structure of their equipment, they shall not be obligated to make similar changes to previously procured equipment. The validity of the warranty requires that the buyer has fulfilled their contractual obligations related to the delivery.

The seller shall provide a new warranty for goods replaced or repaired under the original warranty. However, the new warranty shall only be valid until the expiration of the warranty period of the original goods. For any repairs not covered by the warranty shall be subject to a 3-month maintenance warranty covering the material and workmanship.

WL-BASE Base station				
Case	ABS plastic			
Operating temperature	0°C+50°C			
Protection class	IP20			
Measurement interval in installation mode	10 seconds			
Measurement interval in normal mode	can be adjusted (1–240 min).	T FERR OUMAN		
Dimensions	90 x 70 x 59 mm			
Installation	Mounted to DIN bar	o RESTATUS		
Operating voltage	24 VAC / 5.5 VA or 2030 VDC / 3W If the voltage is 10-20 VDC, the AO output does not work properly.			
Power consumption in use	12 VDC 160mA 24VDC 85mA 24 VAC 210mA			
Network size	up to 100 sensors			
Data transfer connections: RS-485 bus (A and B)	Unisolated, supported protocols Modbus-RTU			
Approvals - EMC Interference tolerance - EMC Interference emissions - EMC-directive - Low voltage directive	EN 61000-6-1:2007, ETSI EN 301 489-1 V1.9.2 EN 61000-6-3:2007/A1:2011, ETSI EN 301 489-1 V1 2014/30/EU 2014/35/EU			
Warranty	2 years			
Product	Base station for wireless sensor system			
Manufacturer	Sinkokatu 11, 26100 RAUMA, FINI puh. +358 2 8387 4400 https://ouman.fi	358 2 8387 4400		
Product name	WL-Base			
Models	WL-Base MAC: xx-xx-xx-xx WL-Base MAC: xx-xx-xx-xx SW: xxxx HW: xxxx			
Version	see product label	Made in Finland xxxx/x		
Valid	2025/10			
		year/week of manufacture		

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AFL, AGPLv3 with OpenSSL exception, BSD-2c, BSD-3c, BSD-4c, Curl license, Eclipse Public License, Flex license, GPLv2, GPLv3, Info-ZIP license, LGPLv2.1, LGPLv3.0, MIT, MIT with advertising clause, NTP license, OpenSSL License, pkgconf license, The "Artistic License", zlib license.

The open source software in this product is distributed in the hope that it will be useful, but without any warranty, without even the implied warranty of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose, see the applicable licenses for more details.

#### **Base station**

- Access function that enables logging on the internal Web server over the Internet
- Built-in Web server to facilitate installation
- Short measurement interval in installation mode
- Ethernet, Modbus TCP/IP
- RS-485, Modbus RTU slave/ master
- The maximum number of direct connections
  - Support unit controllers A203, C203, S203, H23, EH-203.
  - When WL-Base is a Modbus RTU Master device, it calculates an average of the room temperature and writes the calculated value to the unit controller via bus measurement.

to the base station is 80 pieces. The signal can pass through the routing sensor, reducing the need for direct contacts.

NOTE! Base station should not be connected to the public internet without firewall! That is, for example, a fixed IP address that is visible from outside network. Typically 4G-modem, adsl/wdsl/cable modem operates firewall functionality, wherein the separate accessory is usually not required but the situation need to make sure the network administrator.

